



Improving Water Quality One Field at a Time: NRCS Practices for Producers



The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) is a federal agency within the U.S. Department of Agriculture that works with private landowners and operators, through voluntary conservation, to promote productive and sustainable lands.





Origin of NRCS



The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) was created during the Dust Bowl in the 1930s to control soil erosion on farms.

In 1994, SCS became the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) & now in addition to soil as a resource, also addresses; water, air, plants, animals, and energy on farms.



NRCS Practices and Water Quality



- Agricultural producers can play a critical role in reducing erosion, nutrient movement and sedimentation, and deliver lasting solutions to Water Quality Resource Concerns
- Implementation of conservation practices can also help farmers adapt to weather extremes and can help mitigate effects of climate change.



NRCS helps farmers improve soil health, water (quality & quantity), air quality, plant health, animals (livestock & wildlife habitat), and energy conservation through;



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- Technical Assistance available to assist landowners [or operators] who want to make conservation improvements on their land.
- Financial Assistance available to eligible producers through program contracts, who want financial support to implement recommended conservation practices.



NRCS supports farmers, ranchers, and private forest landowners in meeting their conservation goals, *regardless of the size, location, and type of operation.* We can assist with traditional farming operations, as well as urban farms and forest lands







NRCS Water Quality Resource Concerns

- Nutrients transported to surface and ground water
- Pesticides transported to surface and groundwater
- Pathogens and chemicals from manure, bio-solids or compost applications transported to surface and groundwater
- Salts transported to surface and groundwater
- Petroleum, heavy metals and other pollutants transported to surface and groundwater
- Sediment transported to surface water



NRCS Soil Resource Concerns (selected)

- Sheet and Rill Erosion
- Wind Erosion
- Ephemeral Gully Erosion
- Classic Gully Erosion
- Bank Erosion from streams, shorelines or water conveyance channels
- Soil organism habitat loss or degredation



Erosion – A Soil and Water Quality Issue

Sheet and Rill Erosion and Ephemeral Gully Erosion on a corn field in spring





Erosion – a Soil and Water Quality Issue

Classic Gully erosion from a hay field, and why bandaids may not work.





Water Quality – input impacts

Spreading farm inputs – whether manure, compost, pesticides or lime – can provide a pathway water quality impacts





Water Quality – animal damage

Pasturing animals in wet soils or during the wrong season can cause sedimentation and water quality issues.





Forest Erosion

Forestry can bring water quality issues. A poorly placed forest trail can erode.





So how does NRCS help landowners with these resource concerns?



It starts with a Conservation Plan with practices chosen to fix the resource concerns.

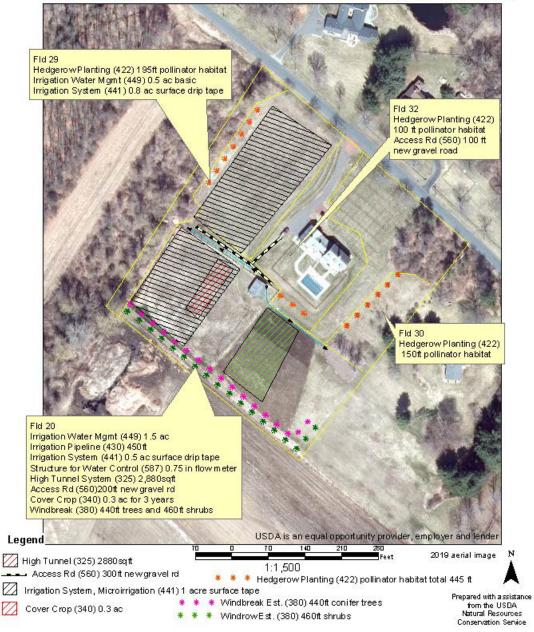


United States Department of Agriculture USDA

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Conservation Plan Map

Customer(s): JOSEPHINE FARMER Farm# 123 Tract# 4667 Agency: USDA NRCS Assisted By: Conservationist County: CT COUNTY District: LOCAL CONS DISTRICT





Planning Practices

- Payments to producers to pay for the development of a Resource Management Plan, Implementation requirement or Testing.
- **Nutrient Management Plan**
- **Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan**
- **Grazing Management Plan**
- Soil Health Management Plan
- **Forest Management Plan**
- Soil and Source Testing for Nutrient Management
- Site Assessment and Soil Testing for Contaminant Activity



Implementation Practices

Payments to producers for the Installation of a Practice







Erosion Control Practice Examples

No-Till Cover Crop (multi- species) Raised Beds and Mulch





Erosion Control Practice Examples

Contour Farming

Stripcrop and Terraces



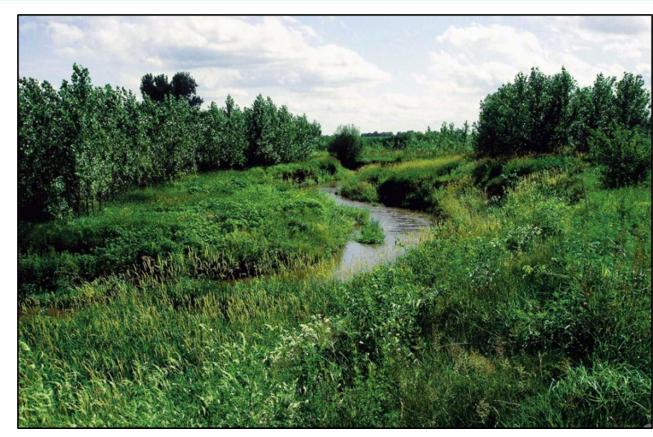




Gully Erosion Control Practice Examples

Diversion Grassed Waterway Stone Lined Waterway Water Control Structure





Streambank Erosion Control Practice Examples

Riparian Buffer Streambank Stabilization





Waste Storage Practice Examples

Waste Storage Facility -Composted Bedded Pack Waste Storage – tank Compost Facility

Nutrient Management on Fields











Pasture Practice Examples Rotational Grazing Fencing









Pasture Practice ExamplesAnimal TrailsFencingLivestock PipelineWatering FacilityNaturalResourcesConservationServiceInrcs.usda.gov







Forestry Practice Examples

Early Successional Habitat Management Timber Stand Improvement Forest Trails and Landings Feather Edging

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Wildlife Practice Examples

Diversion

- Hedgerow
- **Pollinator Habitat**
- **Field Borders**





There are over 120 practices available from which to develop a **Conservation Plan.** Each one is designed to resolve a resource concern either alone or in concert with other practices.

January 2023

Index of Conservation Practice Standards

Connecticut

Practice Name and Units	Practice Code	Date of Current CPS	Lead Discipline	Practice Lifespan
Access Control (ac)	472	10/18	ECS	10
Access Road (ft)	560	05/21	ENG	10
Agrichemical Handling Facility (no)	309	04/17	ENG	15
Air Filtration and Scrubbing (no)	371	02/11	ENG	10
Alley Cropping (ac)	311	04/18	ECS	15
Amending Soil Properties with Lime (ac)	805	09/22	ECS	3
Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste (au)	591	04/14	ENG	1
Animal Mortality Facility (no)	316	03/18	ENG	15
Aquaculture Pond (ac)	397	02/21	ENG	10
Aquatic Organism Passage (mi)	396	10/11	ECS	5
Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control (ac)	400	02/21	ECS	1
Brush Management (ac)	314	05/18	ECS	10
Channel Bed Stabilization (ft)	584	02/18	ENG	10
Clearing and Snagging (ft)	326	07/17	ENG	5
Combustion System Improvement (no)	372	02/21	ENG	10
Composting Facility (no)	317	05/21	ENG	15
Conservation Cover (ac)	327	01/17	ECS	5
Conservation Crop Rotation (ac)	328	01/17	ECS	1
Constructed Wetland (ac)	656	04/18	ENG	15
Contour Buffer Strips (ac)	332	12/13	ECS	5
Contour Farming (ac)	330	04/18	ECS	5
Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops (ac)	331	07/17	ECS	10
Controlled Traffic Farming (ac)	334	07/17	ECS	5
Cover Crop (ac)	340	01/17	ECS	1
Critical Area Planting (ac)	342	04/18	ECS	10
Dam (no)	402	10/11	ENG	15
Dam, Diversion (no)	348	05/21	ENG	15
Deep Tillage (ac)	324	02/15	ECS	1
Denitrifying Bioreactor (no)	605	05/21	ENG	10
Dike (ft)	356	03/08	ENG	20
Diversion (ft)	362	03/18	ENG	10
Drainage Water Management (ac)	554		ENG	1



Financial Assistance Programs

- Environmental Quality Assistance Program (EQIP)
- Agricultural Management Assistance Program (AMA)
- Conservation Stewardship program (CSP)
- Conservation Innovation Grants (CIG)
- Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP)





NRCS Program Eligibility

- Applicant Eligibility
- Land Eligibility
- Practice Eligibility
 - At least one natural resource concern must be identified and addressed with an eligible conservation practice or activity.



- Participants must comply with Highly Erodible Land & Wetland Compliance provisions
- Participants must be an entity with an interest in agriculture or forestry
- Participants must have control of the land involved for the term of the agreement



EQIP, AMA, CSP Program Timing





NRCS ACCEPTS APPLICATIONS YEAR ROUND APPLICATIONS ARE BATCHED IN THE FALL & WINTER THEN RANKED * CONTRACTS ARE OBLIGATED IN THE SPRING & LATE SUMMER *

Natural Resources Conservation Service **nrcs.usda.gov**

*Often a second batch of funding is announced for some programs resulting in late summer contracts

NOW IS A GOOD TIME TO CONTACT FSA AND NRCS TO BEGIN THE PROCESS!



USDA Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Steps to Assistance

How to Get Assistance from NRCS for Farms, Ranches and Forests

PLANNING

Visit your local NRCS field office to discuss your goals and work with staff on a conservation plan. APPLICATION

With the help of NRCS, complete an application for financial assistance programs.

ELIGIBILITY

Find out if you're eligible for NRCS' variety of financial assistance programs.

RANKING

NRCS ranks applications according to local resource concerns.

MPLEMENTING

Put conservation to work by signing a contract and implementing conservation practices.

https://www.farmers.gov/

Local Service Center <u>https://www.farmers.gov/working-with-us/service-center-locator</u>



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CT NRCS CONTACTS:

STATEWIDE

Vivian Felten, Outreach Coordinator (860) 237-7719 vivian.felten@usda.gov

HARTFORD & TOLLAND COUNTIES Windsor Service Center

(860) 688-7725 Adam Maikshilo District Conservationist adam.maikshilo@usda.gov

NEW HAVEN & FARIFIELD COUNTIES

Hamden Service Center

(203) 259-7002 Diane Blais District Conservationist diane.blais@usda.gov

LITCHFIELD COUNTY Torrington Service Center

(860) 626-8852 Lilliam Torres, Acting District Conservationist lilliam.torres@usda.gov

NEW LONDON & MIDDLESEX COUNTIES Norwich Service Center

(860) 319-8803 Garrett Timmons District Conservationist garrett.timmons@usda.gov

WINDHAM COUNTY Danielson Service Center

(860) 412-5260 Bill Purcell District Conservationist william.purcell@usda.gov